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<b>NEW SCHEME</b>
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**First Semester M.Tech. Degree Examination, Dec. 06 / Jan. 07**  
**Digital Image and Computer Vision**

Time: 3 hrs.]

[Max. Marks:100

*Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.*

- 1 Discuss all the methodologies that can be applied to images for different purposes and possibly with different objectives. (20 Marks)
- 2 a. Explain how the continues sensed data is converted into digital form and represented it is in a digital image form. (10 Marks)  
 b. Consider the image segment shown below:  

	3	1	2	1	(Q)
	1	2	1	1	
	1	2	1	1	
(P)	1	0	1	2	

Let  $V = \{1, 2\}$ , Compute the lengths of the shortest 4-, 8-, and m- path between P and Q. If a particular path does not exists between these two points, explain why? (10 Marks)
- 3 Explain the role of histogram equalization in image enhancement. Explain why the discrete histogram equalization technique does not, in general yield a flat histogram. (20 Marks)
- 4 Discuss the characteristics of ideal Butterworth and Gaussian high pass filters for both the frequency and spatial domains. (20 Marks)
- 5 Show that the Fourier transform of the 2-D continuous sine function  $f(x, y) = A \sin(u_0 x + v_0 y)$  is the pair of conjugate impulses  $F(u, v) = -j \frac{A}{2} \left[ \delta \left( u - \frac{u_0}{2\pi}, v - \frac{v_0}{2\pi} \right) - \delta \left( u + \frac{u_0}{2\pi}, v + \frac{v_0}{2\pi} \right) \right]$ . (20 Marks)
- 6 Derive the mapping functions that convert colors from HSI to RGB and RGB to HIS model. (20 Marks)
- 7 Consider an 8-pixel line of gray-scale data  $\{12, 12, 13, 13, 10, 13, 57, 54\}$ , which has been uniformly quantized with 6-bit accuracy. Construct its 3-bit IGS code. Compute the rms error and rms signal-to-noise ratios for the decoded IGS data. (20 Marks)
- 8 a. Discuss a method for estimating dynamic thresholds that produce a minimum average segmentation error. (10 Marks)  
 b. Explain any one segmentation technique used for region finding. (10 Marks)